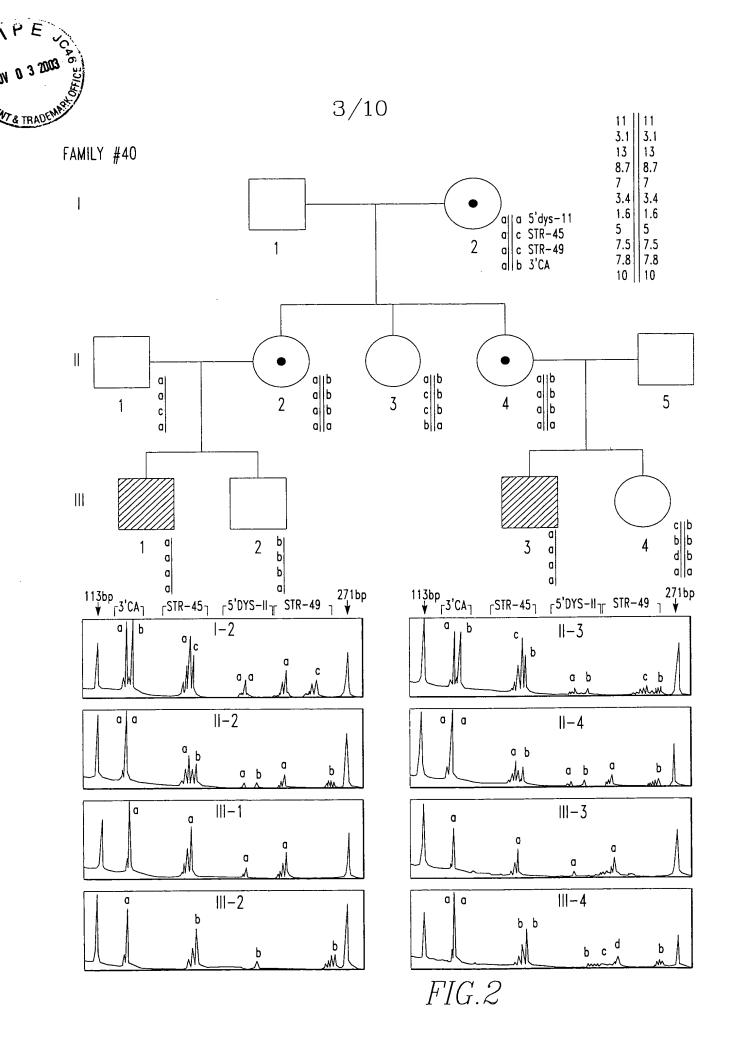


FIG.1A

- (STEP 1) ACQUIRE AN INDIVIDUAL'S GENOMIC DNA
- (STEP 2) PERFORM PCR AMPLIFICATION AT AN STR LOCUS OF THIS DNA
- (STEP 3) SIZE SEPARATION ASSAY OF THE AMPLIFIED PCR PRODUCTS
- (STEP 4) ANALYZE THE PEAKS OF THE RESULTING ASSAY INTO DNA SIZE VS. CONCENTRATION FEATURES  $\,$
- (STEP 5) DECONVOLVE THE ANALYZED PCR PRODUCT TO DETERMINE THE GENOTYPE OF THE INDIVIDUAL AT THE STR LOCUS
- (STEP 5') DECONVOLUTION USING FOURIER DOMAIN SIGNAL PROCESSING
- (STEP 6) EMPLOYING A PCR STUTTER PATTERN LIBRARY

FIG. 1B





#### DATA FROM MARKER STR-45.

SIZE	INDIVIDUAL A	INDIVIDUAL E
161	821	930
163	2171	1928
165	7242	5896
167	20799	18115
169	55373	47391
171	101299	94852
173	0	61326
175	0	0

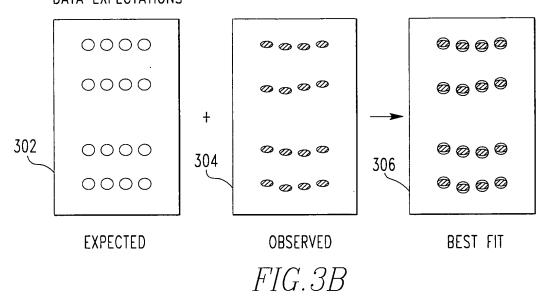
#### DATA FROM MARKER STR-49.

INDIVIDUAL	D
843 1217 2360 6123 11469 26811 48135 0 0 0	
0	
0	
2877	
5410 11553 17482 25866 28672	
	843 1217 2360 6123 11469 26811 48135 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1695 2877 5410 11553 17482 25866

FIG. 3A



## USING THE MW MARKERS TO CONSTRUCT THE DATA EXPECTATIONS



# USING THE DATA EXPECTATIONS TO LOCALIZE AND QUANTITATE DATA

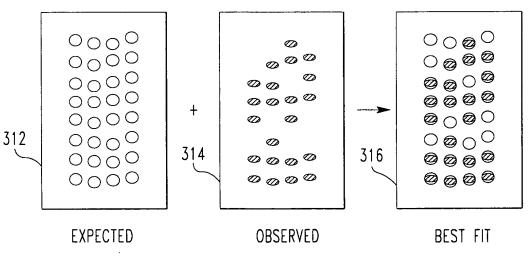


FIG.3C



6/10

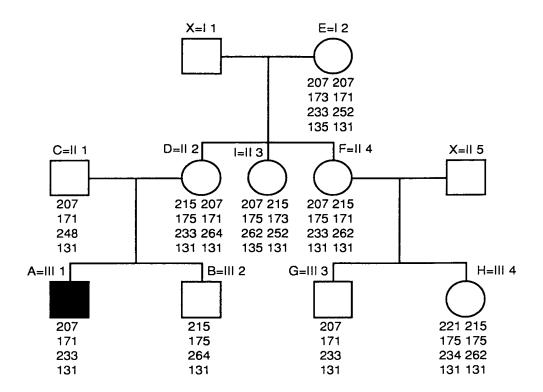


FIG. 4



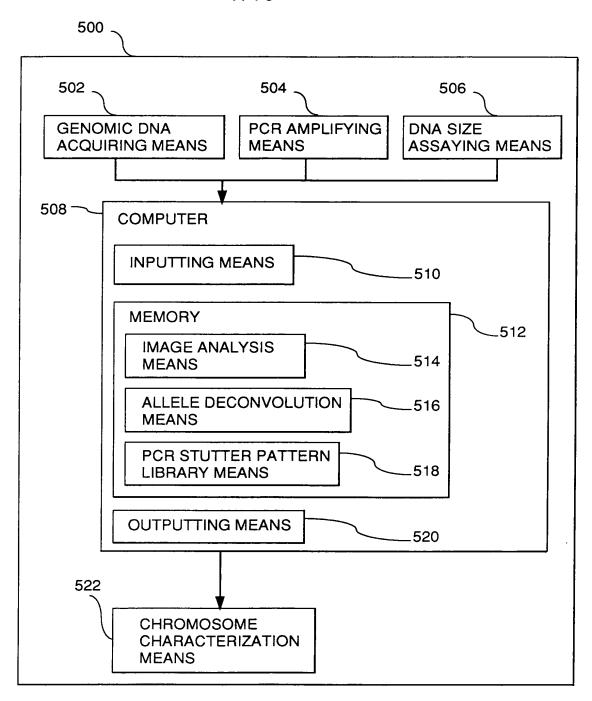


FIG. 5



- (STEP 1) DETERMINE GENOTYPES OF RELATED INDIVIDUALS.
- (STEP 2) SET CHROMOSOME PHASE BY GRAPH PROPAGATION, DEDUCTIVE METHODS, OR LIKELIHOOD ANALYSIS.
- (STEP 3) DETERMINE THE PHENOTYPIC RISK OF DISEASE FOR THE INDIVIDUALS.
- (STEP 4) PRESENT THE RESULTS.

FIG. 6





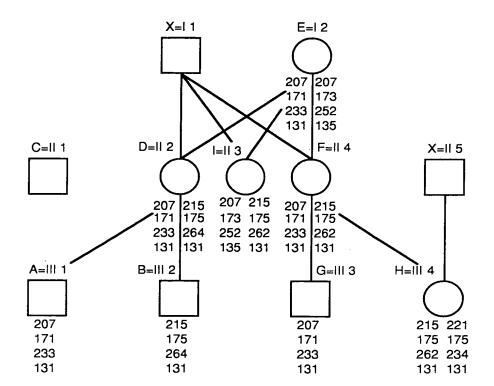


FIG. 7



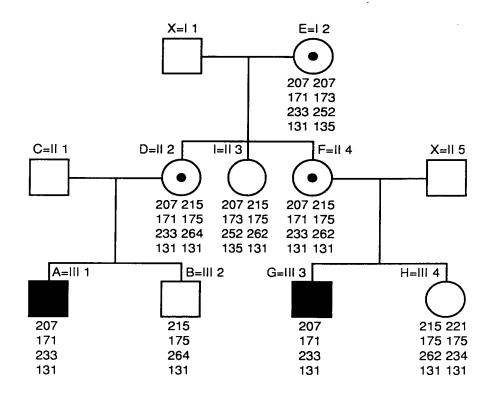


FIG. 8